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Fra Zoologisk Museum

XXIV

Af

FINN SALOMONSEN

Tolvte foreløbige liste over genfundne grønlandske ringfugle
(With a Summary in English: *Twelfth Preliminary List of Recoveries of Birds ringed in Greenland.*)

Nærværende liste omfatter genfangster fra midten af 1967 til slutningen af 1969, d. v. s. omkring 2½ år ligesom den elvte liste (i D.O.F.T. 61, 1967, p. 151). Antallet af genmeldinger er også omtrent det samme, nemlig 120, mod 130 i den elvte liste. Der gøres opmærksom på, at genfangsterne, som altid i disse lister, kun omfatter de i udlandet genmeldte grønlandske ringfugle. Der må især gøres opmærksom på de mange genfangster af Bramgæs (i alt 39), hvoraf størstedelen er ringmærket af englænderen R. MARRIS, og

af Lomvier (i alt 57), ringmærket af A. LUND-DROSVAD, N. O. PREUSS og PAVIA KORNELIUSSEN.

En fortegnelse over de tidligere genfangstlister er givet i den ovennævnte elvte liste. For at bringe overensstemmelse mellem disse og de danske og udenlandske ringlister og for at spare plads er vi ved udarbejdelsen af de grønlandske ringlister nu gået over til den internationale fortegnelsesmåde. Denne anvender følgende forkortelser:

- + = Skudt eller dræbt af mennesker (*shot or killed by man*).
- × = Fundet død (*found dead*).
- × (m) = Fundet som mumie eller skelet (*found as mummy or skeleton*).
- v = Fanget og frigivet med ring (*caught and released with ring*).

- () = Fanget og frigivet uden ring (*caught released without ring*).
- /?! = Ukendt genfangstmåde (*unknown way of recovery*).

Når genmeldingsdato står i parentes, er den nøjagtige genfangst dato ikke kendt, men brev dato benyttet.

(When the date of recovery is in brackets the exact date for the recovery is unknown, and in such cases the date of the letter is used).

Når ringen har været medsendt, er ringnummeret kursiveret.

(When the ring has been delivered by the finder the ring number is italicized).

RØDSTRUBET LOM (*Gavia s. stellata* (Pont.))

272778 ad. 19.7.1954 Sarqag, 70°00'N, 51°55'W, Jakobshavn (H. FENCKER).
× 24.2.1963 Meyrals, 44°54'N, 01°04'E, Dordogne, FRANKRIG.

MALLEMUK (*Fulmarus g. glacialis* (L.))

424829 juv. 12.9.1965 Qeqertat, 71°07'N, 52°10'W, Umanak, (KARL ZEEB).
× 0.3.1968 Sao Jacinto, 40°40'N, 08°44'W, Beira Litoral, PORTUGAL.

KORTNÆBBET GÅS (*Anser fabalis brachyrhynchus* Baillon)

278063 ad. ♀ 29.7.1961 Ørstedsdal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland (R. MARRIS).
+ 9.1.1968 Errol, 56°23'N, 03°15'W, Perth, SKOTLAND.

BRAMGÅS (*Branta leucopsis* Bechstein)

278095 ad. ♀ 31.7.1961 Enhjørningens dal, 71°34'N, 23°14'W, East Greenland (R. MARRIS).
+ 15.5.1968 Vikurkot, 65°30'N, 19°18'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.

350921 pull. ♀ 31.7.1961 Enhjørningens dal, (R. MARRIS).
v 21.4.1969 Inishkea Islands, 54°08'N, 10°11'W, Mayo, IRLAND (controlled, reringed London I.071.322).

356150 ad. ♀ 23.7.1963 North Hurry Fjord, 70°53'N, 23°30'W, East Greenland (CAMPBELL).
+ spring 1967 Skagafjördur, 65°54'N, 19°35'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.

356167 ad. ♀ 23.7.1963 North Hurry Fjord (CAMPBELL).
+ c. 17.1.1968 Isle of Islay, 55°45'N, 06°15'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.

356173 ad. ♀ 23.7.1963 North Hurry Fjord (CAMPBELL).
v 18.4.1969 Inishkea Islands, 54°08'N, 10°11'W, Mayo, IRLAND (controlled, reringed London I.063.140).

15 Bramgæs mærket i Pingels Dal, 71°35'N, 23°05'W, Øst Grønland af R. MARRIS er gemeldt som følger:

Fifteen Barnacle Geese ringed in Pingels Dal, 71°35'N, 23°05'W, East Greenland, by R. MARRIS, have been recovered as follows:

275072 ad. 24.7.1963 /?/ 0.1.-0.2.1967 Loch Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Islay, SKOTLAND.
275151 pull. 6.8.1955 + ca. 1965 Isle of Gigha, 55°41'N, 05°45'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
277125 ad. ♀ 4.8.1961 + primo 2.1968 Isle of Coll, 56°40'N, 06°30'W, SKOTLAND.
277533 pull. 1.8.1961 + 15.5.1967 Sandarkrokur, 65°45'N, 19°39'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.
277652 ad. ♂ 18.7.1961 v 18.7.1963 Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland.
× winter 1968/69 Isle of Islay, 55°45'N, 06°20'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
277685 ad. ♂ 18.7.1961 + 17.9.1968 Mariubakki, 63°55'N, 17°35'W, Vestur-Skaftafellssysla, ISLAND.
277859 ad. 24.7.1963 × 28.1.1969 Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
277955 ad. 24.7.1963 × (m) 27.5.1968 Slieve League, 54°39'N, 08°42'W, Donegal, IRLAND.
279732 ad. 30.7.1963 × 0.3.1968 Termoncarragh, 54°16'N, 10°03'W, Mayo, IRLAND.
350141 pull. 24.7.1963 + 14.2.1968 Loughrospoint, 54°48'N, 08°34'W, Donegal, IRLAND.
350334 pull. 24.7.1963 + 16.5.1969 Leysingjastadir, 65°32'N, 20°25'W, Hunavatnssysla, ISLAND.
370703 ad. 24.7.1963 + 5.5.1967 Grundarstokkur, 65°34'N, 19°22'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.

371550	pull.	26.7.1963	+	0.3.1967	Loch Gruinart, 55°45'N, 06°20'W, Islay, SKOTLAND.
372088	pull.	26.7.1963	×	winter 1968/69	Isle of Islay, 55°45'N, 06°20'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379732	ad.	24.7.1963	+	8.5.1966	Midhus, 62°32'N, 19°19'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.

19 Bramgæs mærket i Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, Øst Grønland af R. MARRIS er genmeldt som følger:

Nineteen Barnacle Geese ringed in Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland, by R. MARRIS, have been recovered as follows:

277553	ad. ♂	16.7.1961	v	17.7.1963 + 14.1.1967	Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland. Loch Sween, 55°59'N, 05°39'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
277563	ad. ♂	16.7.1961	+	0.3.1967	Loch Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Islay, SKOTLAND.
277584	ad. ♀	16.7.1961	v	24.7.1963 ×	Pingels Dal, 71°35'N, 23°05'W, East Greenland. Isle og Islay, 55°45'N, 06°20'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
278019	ad. ♂	16.7.1961	v	19.7.1963 ×(m) primo 5.1969	Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland. Culbhuirg, 56°19'N, 06°25'W, Isle of Iona, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
278021	ad. ♂	16.7.1961	v	20.7.1963 +	Ørsted Dal, 71°50'N, 23°10'W, East Greenland. Miehus, 62°32'N, 19°19'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.
350346	ad.	17.7.1963	+	20.9.1967	Leidvöllur, 66°36'N, 18°21'W, Vestur-Skaftafellssysla, ISLAND.
379042	ad.	18.7.1963	×	8.6.1969	Nupufell, 65°26'N, 18°12'W, Eyafjardarsysla, ISLAND.
379157	ad.	18.7.1963	×	ult. 2.1969	Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Islay, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379286	ad.	11.7.1963	×	0.1.–0.2.1967	Loch Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Islay, SKOTLAND.
379287	ad.	11.7.1963	+	6.1.1970	Craighouse, 55°50'N, 05°58'W, Isle of Jura, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379328	ad.	18.7.1963	×	0.1.–0.2.1967	Loch Gruinart, 55°52'N, 06°20'W, Islay, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379337	ad.	18.7.1963	×	31.3.1968	Loch Gorm, 55°48'N, 06°24'W, Islay, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379374	ad.	18.7.1963	+	6.5.1967	Hjallaland, 65°28'N, 18°01'W, Austur-Hunavatnssysla, ISLAND.
379667	ad.	20.7.1963	+	18.5.1969	Hraun, 66°06'N, 20°07'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.
379721	ad.	12.7.1963	×	0.12.1966	Inishbofin Island, 55°10'N, 08°10'W, Donegal, IRLAND.
379791	pull.	16.7.1963	+	(22.12.1964)	Rinvyle, 53°37'N, 10°04'W, Galway, IRLAND.
379801	ad.	20.7.1963	×	27.5.1967	Isle of Islay, 55°45'N, 06°15'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.
379805	ad.	20.7.1963	+	5.5.1968	Vidimyri, 65°32'N, 19°28'W, Skagafjardarsysla, ISLAND.
379873	ad.	19.7.1963	/?	medio 3.1967	Isle of Tiree, 56°30'N, 06°50'W, Argyll, SKOTLAND.

GRØNLANDSK BLISGÅS (*Anser albifrons flavirostris* Dalgety & Scott)

279831	ad.	13.7.1960			Atâ, 69°45'N, 50°55'W, Jakobshavn (H. HANSEN).
	v	(18.9.1968)			South Slob, 52°17'N, 06°24'W, Wexford. IRLAND, (wounded; captured and released).

272835	pull.	14.7.1957	Sarqaq, 70°00'N, 51°55'W, Jakobshavn (LARS JENSEN).
	+	22.10.1967	Wexford Harbour, 52°20'N, 06°25'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
275527	ad.	16.7.1965	Sarqaq (LARS JENSEN).
	+	18.1.1969	The Slobs, 52°19'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
275537	pull.	16.7.1965	Sarqaq, (LARS JENSEN).
	+	11.10.1969	Borgarfjörður, 64°32'N, 21°54'W, ISLAND.
273212	pull.	1.8.1966	Amitsorssuaq, 72°21'N, 54°44'W, Upernavik, (M. LERCH).
	+ (♀)	31.1.1970	North Slob, 52°21'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
273213	pull.	1.8.1966	Amitsorssuaq (M. LERCH).
	+	30.11.1969	South Slob, 52°17'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
275004	ad. ♀	29.7.1958	Amitsorssuaq (A. LUND-DROSVAD).
	+	30.11.1969	South Slob, 52°17'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
272586	ad.	22.7.1961	Skansen, 69°25'N, 52°10'W, Godhavn (PETER GEISLER).
	+	1.5.1967	Tradir, 64°35'N, 22°21'W, Myrasysla, ISLAND.
272827	pull.	25.7.1963	Skansen (A. OLRİK).
	+	31.1.1969	North Slob, 52°21'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.
272828	pull.	25.7.1963	Skansen (A. OLRİK).
	+	28.1.1967	The Slobs, 52°19'N, 06°24'W, Wexford, IRLAND.

KONGEEDERFUGL (*Somateria spectabilis* (L.))

350210	ad.	17.8.1955	Søndre Upernavik, 72°10'N, 55°35'W, Upernavik, (O. SKIFFE).
	+	4.6.1968	Igloolik, 69°00'N, 82°00'W, NW Territories, CANADA.
351850	ad. ♂	23.8.1958	Upernavik, 72°50'N, 56°00'W, Upernavik (A. LUND-DROSVAD).
	+	27.4.1966	Murray Maxwell Bay, 69°50'N, 79°00'W, NW Territories CANADA.

RIDE (*Rissa t. tridactyla* (L.))

526727	pull.	28.7.1968	Storøen, 70°42'N, 51°45'W, Umanak (N. SIGURDSEN).
	×	15.1.1969	Rose Blanche, 47°38'N, 58°42'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.

HAVTERNE (*Sterna pradisaea* Pont.)

715448	pull.	7.8.1967	Ivssortussoq, 72°15'N, 55°42'W, Upernavik, (J. & E. CHRISTIANSEN).
	×	1.11.1967	Bourg-sur-Gironde, 45°03'N, 00°34'W, Gironde, FRANKRIG.
751193	pull.	20.8.1963	Qeqertat, 71°23'N, 53°50'W, Umanak, (KARL ZEEB).
	!/?	0.1.1968	About 350 km off coast of SOUTH WEST AFRICA, position 20°12'S, 10°06'E.
8.600.119	pull.	30.7.1968	Ivssortussoq (J. & E. CHRISTIANSEN).
	×	26.12.1968	Cebe, 32°30'S, 28°30'E, Cape of Good Hope, SOUTH AFRICA (found injured).

KORTNÆBBET LOMVIE (*Uria l. lomvia* (L.))

478419	pull.	2.8.1950	Sagdleq, 70°50'N, 52°10'W, Umanak (Sv. PEDERSEN).
	+	8.2.1967	Petley, 48°08'N, 53°45'W, Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465026	pull.	9.8.1966	Sorte Hul, 72°40'N, 55°55'W, Upernavik (A. LUND-DROSVAD).
	×	(30.7.1967)	Cape St. Marys, 46°49'N, 54°12'W, Newfoundland, CANADA (drowned in a fishing net).
465117	pull.	9.8.1966	Sorte Hul (A. LUND-DROSVAD).
	+	12.12.1967	Cape Bonavista, 48°42'N, 53°05'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465223	pull.	9.8.1966	Sorte Hul, (A. LUND-DROSVAD).
	+	17.2.1967	Random, 48°05'N, 53°35'W, Newfoundland CANADA.

4 Lomvier mærket ved Sandersons Hope, 72°42'N, 56°10'W, Upernavik distrikt, som pull. af N. O. PREUSS er genmeldt som følger:

Four Brünnich's Guillemots ringed as nestlings at Sandersons Hope, 72°42'N, 56°10'W, Upernavik District, by N. O. PREUSS, have been recovered as follows:

460001	20.8.1965	+	15.12.1967	English Harbour West, 47°28'N, 55°30'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
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460012	20.8.1965	+	0.2.1967	Winterton, 47°57'N,53°20'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
460868	22.8.1965	/?/	15.11.1967	Bacalhao, 49°41'N,54°34'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
460975	22.8.1965	+	10.3.1967	Ramea, 47°32'N,57°24'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.

18 Lomvier mærket ved Kap Schakleton, 73°45'N,56°45'W, Upernavik distrikt, er gemeldt som følger. Fuglene er mærket af N. O. PREUSS (1965), A. LUND-DROSVAD (1966) og PAVIA KORNELIUSSEN (1968). Alle mærket som pull.

Eighteen Brünnich's Guillemots ringed as nestlings at Kap Shackleton, 73°45'N,56°45'W, Upernavik District, by N. O. PREUSS (1965), A. LUND-DROSVAD (1966) and PAVIA KORNELIUSSEN (1968), have been recovered as follows:

462940	25.8.1965	+	23.12.1967	St. Anthony, 51°21'N,55°35'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
428463	16.8.1966	+	19.3.1968	Wesleyville, 49°09'N,53°34'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
463202	18.8.1966	+	9.3.1967	Chance Cove, 47°38'N,53°48'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
463329	18.8.1966	+	23.1.1968	Pass Island, 47°29'N,56°12'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
463434	18.8.1966	+	27.2.1967	Dunfield, 48°19'N,53°23'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
464096	16.8.1966	+	13.3.1967	Southport, 48°00'N,53°39'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
464186	16.8.1966	+	0.5.1967	Ferrole Point, 51°02'N,57°05'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
464383	16.8.1966	+	14.2.1967	Trouty, 48°17'N,53°24'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
464675	16.8.1966	+	30.4.1967	Saint Barbe Island, 50°15'N,55°45'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465918	16.8.1966	+	2.2.1967	Random, 48°05'N,53°35'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465921	16.8.1966	+	23.2.1967	New Perlican, 47°53'N,53°20'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468090	21.8.1968	/?/	(17.12.1968)	Chapel Arm, 47°33'N,53°40'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468107	21.8.1968	+	(23.11.1969)	Twillingate, 49°50'N,54°45'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468187	21.8.1968	+	14.12.1968	Little Bay Islands, 49°35'N,55°48'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468274	21.8.1968	+	20.1.1969	St. Brendans, 48°52'N,53°40'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468628	22.8.1968	+	18.12.1968	Bay Roberts, 47°35'N,53°20'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468747	22.8.1968	+	19.11.1968	Cottles Island, 49°31'N,54°52'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
468845	22.8.1968	+	20.12.1968	Salvage, 48°41'N,53°40'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.

31 Lomvier mærket på Kipako, 73°43'N,56°30'W, Upernavik distrikt, er gemeldt som følger. Fuglene er mærket af A. LUND-DROSVAD (1966) og PAVIA KORNELIUSSEN (øvrige). To fugle mærket som ad er mærket *, de øvrige mærket som pull.

*Thirty-one Brünnich's Guillemots ringed at Kipako, 73°43'N,56°30'W, Upernavik District, by A. LUND-DROSVAD (1966) and PAVIA KORNELIUSSEN (remaining years), have been recovered as follows. The birds are ringed as nestlings except two, ringed as adults and here marked *.*

425399	16.8.1966	+	0.2.1967	Fogo, 49°43'N,54°18'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465531	16.8.1966	/?/	22.2.1967	Pools Cove, 47°40'N,55°26'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
465598	16.8.1966	+	med. 2.1967	Burgeo, 47°37'N,57°38'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
426507	16.8.1966	+	15.11.1966	Bacalhao Island, 49°32'N,54°33'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010009	18.8.1967	+	29.1.1968	Anleys Cove, c. 47°15'N,54°15'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.

4010118	18.8.1967	/?/	15.1.1969	Rencontre East, 47°39'N,55°13'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010156*	18.8.1967	+	9.2.1968	Port Rexton, 48°24'N,53°19'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010164	18.8.1967	+	9.1.1968	Terrenceville, 47°40'N,54°43'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010180	18.8.1967	+	23.11.1967	Manuel Island, 55°30'N,60°10'W, Labrador, CANADA.
4010248	18.8.1967	+	(16.12.1967)	Hooping Harbour, 50°35'N,56°15'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010369	18.8.1967	+	winter 1967/68	Sops Arm, 49°46'N,56°53'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010400	18.8.1967	+	30.1.1968	Change Islands, 49°40'N,54°25'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010493	18.8.1967	+	31.1.1968	Smiths Harbour, 49°40'N,55°59'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010690	18.8.1967	+	30.11.1967	Durrel, 49°40'N,54°48'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4010814	18.8.1967	+	28.11.1967	Havre St. Pierre, 50°16'N,63°36'W, Quebec, CANADA.
4010982	18.8.1967	×	15.6.1968	Port aux Choix, 50°42'N,57°21'W, Newfoundland, CANADA (found oiled).
4011270	18.8.1967	×	24.1.1968	Freshwater, 47°13'N,53°58'W, Newfoundland, CANADA (found oiled).
4011433	18.8.1967	+	7.12.1967	Sops Island, 49°43'N,56°47'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4011492	18.8.1967	+	14.1.1968	Little Paradise, 47°22'N,54°30'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4015249	6.8.1969	/?/	17.11.1969	West St.-Modeste, 51°36'N,56°43'W, Labrador, CANADA.
4015283	6.8.1969	/?/	1.12.1969	La Scie, 49°58'N,55°36'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4015618	6.8.1969	/?/	18.11.1969	Comfort Cove, 49°25'N,54°52'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4015742	6.8.1969	+	(12.11.1969)	Moretons Harbour, 49°35'N,54°52'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017021	7.8.1969	+	c. 25.11.1969	Change Island, 49°40'N,54°25'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017035	7.8.1969	+	29.1.1970	Marystown, 47°10'N,55°09'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017040	7.8.1969	+	10.11.1969	Fogo, 49°43'N,54°18'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017213	7.8.1969	+	6.11.1969	Canada Bay, 50°43'N,56°08'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017439	7.8.1969	+	8.11.1969	Englee, 50°43'N,56°06'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017762	7.8.1969	/?/	14.11.1969	Change Islands, 49°40'N,54°25'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4017812	7.8.1969	/?/	1.11.1969	Flowers Cove, 51°18'N,56°41'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.
4018117*	8.8.1969	+	(2.2.1970)	Mount Arlington Heights, 47°26'N,53°52'W, Newfoundland, CANADA.

STENPIKKER (*Oenanthe oenanthe leucorrhoea* (Gmelin))

857084	ad. ♂	11.6.1966	Godthåb, 64°10'N,51°40'W, Godthåb (O. BORGEN HANSEN).
	×	28.4.1968	Jerbour, 49°25'N,02°32'W, Channel Islands, ENGLAND.
857922	ad.	13.9.1966	Godthåb (O. BORGEN HANSEN).
	×	12.5.1969	Wenvoe, 51°27'N,03°16'W, Glamorgan, ENGLAND (killed by a car).

SNESPURV (*Plectrophenax n. nivalis* (L.))

811135	ad.	29.8.1968	Godthåb, 64°10'N,51°40'W, Godthåb (ERIK HANSEN).
	()	5.10.1968	Greenpond, 49°04'N,53°36'W, Bonavista Bay, Newfoundland, CANADA (caught alive).

812366	ad. ♂	21.4.1968	Godthåb (O. BORGEN HANSEN).
	+	14.4.1969	Forteau, 51°28'N, 56°59'W, Labrador, CANADA (caught and killed).
858279	ad. ♂	24.4.1967	Godthåb (O. BORGEN HANSEN).
	+	spring 1968	Havre St. Pierre, 50°16'N, 63°36'W, Quebec, CANADA (killed).

Til kommentarerne nedenfor vedrørende særlig interessante genfangster skal knyttes den oplysning, at min bog »Fuglene på Grønland« (RHODOS, København 1967), i hvilken den grønlandske ringmærknings resultater indgående er skildret, udkom efter at den elvte liste over genfangster var publiceret (i D.O.F.T. 61, 1967, p. 151–164). Det er derfor naturligt i det følgende at sætte de nye genfangster i relation til hvad allerede vides om de grønlandske fuglearters trækmonstre. Tallene i parentes angiver sidetallet i ovennævnte bog, hvor den pågældende arts træk er behandlet.

Rødstrubet Lom. Den nye genfangst er den fjerde uden for Grønland, og den bekræfter, at den grønlandske bestand går til Europa for at overvinde (se kortet p. 19).

Mallemuk. Dette er den anden genfangst på den europæiske side af Atlanterhavet, og den bekræfter det der siges (p. 28) om, at det er de adulte fugle, over 2 år gamle, der trækker til de centrale og østlige dele af Atlanten (jfr. kortet p. 27).

Bramgås. Det store antal genfangster bekræfter, hvad der (p. 119–125) er sagt tidligere af mig om denne arts træk. Man bedes bemærke det store antal genfangster på Islay og i det hele taget Argyllshire i Skotland og at genfangster nu fuldstændig mangler på de Ydre Hebrider. Desuden er fordelingen på Island interessant, med 12 genfangster fra Nordisland på forårstrækket og 2 fra Sydisland på efterårstrækket (jfr. p. 121).

Blisgås. De mange nye genfangster bekræfter det tidligere sagte om denne arts træk. Alle de ringmærkede fugle stammer fra de nordlige ynglepopulationer (Upernavik Distrikt – Disko Bugt), og det ses, at deres fordeling i vinterkvarteret, med »overflyvning« af de sydlige bestandes

vinterkvarter svarer til den, der er vist i tabellen (p. 101).

Kongeederfugl. De to genfangster, der er sket henholdsvis 13 og 8 år efter mærkningen under sommerens fældningstræk, er fugle, som er skudt på forårstrækket i slutningen af april eller på ynglepladsen i begyndelsen af juni og stammer fra egne omkring Fury and Hecla Strædet, om-

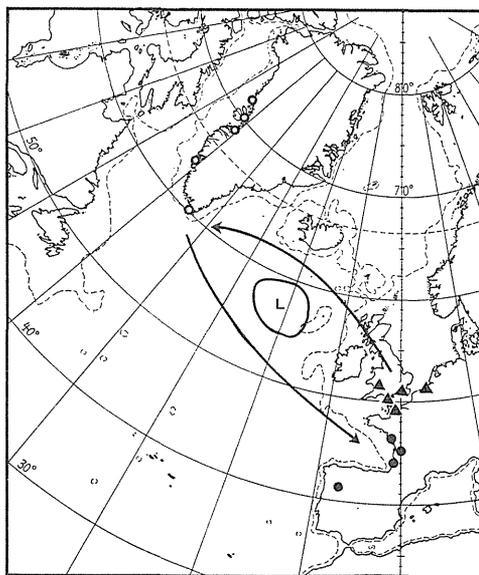


Fig. 1. Genfangster i udlandet af Stenpikkere mærket i Grønland ved de med åbne cirkler viste lokaliteter. Genfangster under efterårstrækket vist ved udfyldte cirkler, under forårstrækket ved udfyldte trekanter. De sandsynlige trækveje forår og efterår er vist ved optrukne linier med pile, der passerer udenom et lavtryksområde betegnet med L.

Fig. 1. Recoveries abroad of Wheatears ringed in Greenland at the localities marked with open circles. Recoveries during the autumn migration are shown by solid circles, those during the spring migration by solid triangles. The probable migration routes during spring and autumn are shown by the lines (with arrow heads), which pass around an area with depressions (marked L).

trent midt i det canadiske landområde, hvorfra Kongeederfuglene tager til Vestgrønland under fædningstrækket (jfr. kortet p. 84).

Havterne. Der er igen nogle interessante genfangster af denne art, dels en fra begyndelsen af november fra Vestfrankrig, dels to fra Sydafrika fra nytårstid (jfr. kortet p. 252).

Kortnæbbet Lomvie. Det meget store antal genfangster, som alle stammer fra Newfoundland og omegn, bekræfter, hvad der (p. 268–278) siges om de grønlandske Lomviers vinterophold i disse områder. Ankomsten finder sted i november, fra hvilken måned der også er genfangster fra Labrador, Quebec og Fogo Island. Afreisen mod nord sker i marts, men der er 4

genfangster af unge 1-årige fugle fra henholdsvis april, maj, juni og juli, der altså har oversomret så langt mod syd.

Stenpikker. De to nye genfangster er yderst interessante, for de understreger, hvad der siges (p. 310–311) og er vist på kortet (p. 310), at genfangsterne om foråret i Europa gøres betydeligt nordligere og til dels østligere end efterårsfundene, nemlig i England, Nordfrankrig og Belgien mod Vestfrankrig og Portugal om efteråret (fig. 1). Forklaringen på denne interessante forskel, som skyldes Stenpikkerens udnyttelse af vinden under trækket over Atlanten, er givet p. 311.

For udmærket medhjælp under udarbejdelsen af denne liste er jeg stud.scient. PELLE ANDERSEN-HARILD megen tak skyldig.

SUMMARY IN ENGLISH

Twelfth Preliminary List of Recoveries of Birds ringed in Greenland.

The previous lists of recoveries abroad of birds ringed in Greenland (list no. 1–11) has been enumerated in D.O.F.T. 61, 1967, p. 163. Among the new recoveries the following are especially noteworthy. It is necessary here to add, however, that a full and detailed treatment of the results of the Greenland bird-ringing has been given in my recent book, "*Fuglene på Grønland*" (RHODOS, Copenhagen, 1967; 344 pp.). The new recoveries are discussed, therefore, on the basis of the results described in this book. The page numbers given in brackets below refer to the book in question. The new recovery of *Gavia stellata* is the fourth taken abroad, and it adds to the evidence of the European wintering of the Greenland population (cf. the map p. 19). The single recovery of *Fulmarus glacialis* is the second one on the European side of the Atlantic Ocean. It adds to the statement (p. 28) that it is the adult birds, more than two years old, which move to the central and eastern parts of the Atlantic (cf. the map p. 27). The considerable number of recoveries of *Branta leucopsis* shows the correctness of my previous view about the migration of the Greenland population (p. 119–125). Especially noteworthy is the fact that there is a large number of recoveries from Argyllshire in Scotland, particularly from Islay, and that recoveries from the Outer Hebrides now are completely lacking. Furthermore, the distribution in Iceland of the recoveries is interesting, with 12

recoveries from North Iceland during spring migration and 2 from South Iceland during autumn migration (cf. p. 121). There is even a large number of recoveries of *Anser albifrons flavirostris*, which agree with our previous knowledge. All the ringed birds belong to the northern breeding populations (Upernavik District – Disko Bay), and the distribution of these birds in winter agrees with what is shown in the table (p. 101), with a definite "leap frog migration" over the winter quarter of the southern breeding populations. The two new recoveries of *Somateria spectabilis* are made 13 and 8 years, respectively, after the birds were ringed during the moult migration in summer. They were recovered in the area of Fury and Hecla Strait, which is situated in the centre of the part of Arctic Canada from where the King-Eider goes to West Greenland during moult migration (cf. the map p. 84). There are again some interesting new recoveries of *Sterna paradisaea*, one from W. France from early November and two from South Africa from about New Year time (cf. the map p. 252). The very large number of recoveries of *Uria lomvia*, all from the Newfoundland area and vicinity, agree closely with what has been said (p. 268–278) about the wintering of the Greenland population of this species. The arrival in the Newfoundland waters takes place in November, from which month there are recoveries also from the Labrador coast, Fogo Island and Quebec. The

departure towards the north takes place in March, but there are 4 recoveries of young, one-year old birds from April, May, June and July, respectively, showing summering so far south. The two new recoveries of *Oenanthe oenanthe leucorrhoa* are extremely interesting, for they emphasize what has been said (p. 310-311) and what is shown in the map (p. 310), that the spring recoveries in Europe are made distinctly

more to the north and partly more to the east than those in autumn, *i. e.* in England, North France and Belgium, compared with W. France and Portugal in the autumn (fig. 1). This noteworthy difference between the spring and autumn migration is due to the utilization of the wind by the Wheatear during its crossing of the Atlantic Ocean, and has been more closely explained p. 311.

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